



**January  
2014**

**Bill Haslam,  
Governor**

**TENNESSEE**

**Department of Labor and Workforce Development**

# The Labor Market Report

## What is a Labor Surplus Area?

Labor surplus areas (LSAs) are civil jurisdictions with higher-than-average unemployment rates. Employers in these LSAs may be given preference in bidding on federal procurement contracts. The purpose in providing such preference is to help direct the government's dollars into areas where people are in the most severe economic need. The civil jurisdictions used are defined as all cities with a population of at least 25,000 and all counties.

A civil jurisdiction becomes a labor surplus area when its average unemployment rate was at least 20 percent above the average unemployment rate for all states during the previous two calendar years. During periods of high national unemployment, this 20 percent is disregarded and areas are classified as LSAs if the unemployment rate during the previous two calendar years was 10 percent or more. This 10 percent ceiling comes into effect whenever the two-year average unemployment rate for all states was above 8.3 percent. Similarly, a floor of 6 percent is used during periods of low national unemployment in order to qualify as a labor surplus area. The 6 percent floor comes into effect whenever the average unemployment rate for all states during the two-year reference period was less than 5 percent.

The U.S. Department of Labor issues the LSA list each fiscal year. This list is effective October 1 through the following September 30. The reference period used in preparing the current list was January 2011 through December 2012. The national average unemployment rate during this period was 8.56 percent. The qualifying rate for a FY 2012 labor surplus area classification was 10.27 percent or above. However, the ceiling unemployment rate is 10 percent.

Some counties that do not qualify have current rates substantially higher than 10 percent. Some of these counties have experienced both significant and projected long-term increases in unemployment and may be added to the list through an exceptional circumstance petition. The exceptional circumstances provision is a written

petition requesting inclusion as a LSA by the state workforce agency to the U.S. Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration.

The current conditions for exceptional circumstances classification are as follows: an area unemployment rate of at least 10 percent for each of the three most recent months, projected unemployment of at least 10 percent for each of the next 12 months, and documented information that the exceptional circumstances event has already occurred.

The following list is Tennessee areas that have an unemployment rate that is greater than 10 percent and designated as labor surplus areas from October 1, 2013, through September 30, 2014.

### Eligible Labor Surplus Areas

Benton County  
Bledsoe County  
Campbell County  
Carroll County  
Claiborne County  
Clay County  
Cocke County  
Columbia city in Maury County  
Crockett County  
Decatur County  
Dyer County  
Fayette County  
Gibson County  
Giles County  
Grainger County  
Greene County  
Grundy County  
Hancock County  
Hardeman County  
Hardin County  
Haywood County  
Henderson County  
Henry County  
Hickman County  
Jackson County  
Jefferson County  
Johnson County  
Lake County  
Lauderdale County

*(Continued on Page 2)*

# 2013 *Labor Market Report* Directory

Monthly articles of interest that were published in the 2013 issues of *The Labor Market Report* are listed below. The back issues of *The Labor Market Report* are available on our department's Web site at <http://www.tn.gov/labor-wfd/lmr>. You may also request a print copy or PDF file by e-mail at [wayne.meisels@tn.gov](mailto:wayne.meisels@tn.gov).

## JANUARY

- The 2012 LMR Directory. Articles published in the 2012 issues of *The Labor Market Report*.
- *Fun Facts About the Super Bowl XLVII Cities*. A look at interesting non-sports information about Baltimore and San Francisco.

## FEBRUARY

- *What is a Labor Surplus Area?* A list of the Tennessee counties that are eligible labor surplus areas in 2013.

## MARCH

- *Fun Facts About Mother's Day and Father's Day*. Adapted from two Census Bureau articles that presents information about the history of the days and numbers of Mom's and Dad's and the gifts they receive.

## APRIL

- *State Government Tax Collection*. Information about the taxes collected in 2012 by category (income, property, sales, license) by the U.S. and ten southeastern states.

## MAY

- *Defined Benefit Plans for Public Employees in 2011*. The information, by state, is from an annual survey of public pensions with numbers of recipients, expenditures, investments, and revenues.

## JUNE

- *County Population estimates*. This shows population growth and births minus/deaths for Tennessee counties in 2010, 2011, and 2012.

## JULY

- *Occupational Projections in Tennessee for 2012 to 2014*. This article shows base and projected employment growth and the job openings by major occupational groups.

## AUGUST

- *Hispanic Heritage Month*. This Census information is about the language, culture, country of origin, and income of Americans from Spanish speaking countries.

## SEPTEMBER

- NO PUBLICATION. This was a result of the federal government furlough in October that effected collection of September data.

## OCTOBER

- *Per Capita Personal Income from 1969-2011*. This article shows changes in income for the U.S. and selected Metropolitan Statistical Areas over a forty-two year period.

## NOVEMBER

- *Fun Facts About St. Patrick's Day*. Who was St. Patrick? Why do we celebrate a day for him and all things Irish? The article gives information about Irish ancestry in the U.S., current Irish population centers, and famous Irish-Americans.

## DECEMBER

- *Union Membership in the U.S.* This article gives information, by state, of the numbers of union members and non-union members who receive the benefits of union contracts in their workplace during 2012 and 2013.

## Eligible Labor Surplus Areas in Tennessee (Continued)

Lawrence County  
Lewis County  
Marshall County  
Balance of Maury County  
McMinn County  
McNairy County

Meigs County  
Memphis City in Shelby County  
Monroe County  
Morgan County  
Morristown City in Hamblen County  
Obion County

Perry County  
Pickett County  
Polk County  
Rhea County  
Scott County  
Stewart County

Van Buren County  
Warren County  
Wayne County  
Weakley County  
White County

# TENNESSEE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 1983 to present

# COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

MONTHLY DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Civilian Labor Force								
Year and Month	Total	Employed					Unemployed	
		Employ-ment	Nonfarm Employment			Number	Rate (%)	
			Total	**Manu-facturing	**Trade			**Services
1983	2,188.2	1,932.4	1,719.0	468.6	389.9	323.4	255.8	11.7 %
1984	2,233.5	2,026.4	1,812.0	497.1	413.3	344.3	207.1	9.3
1985	2,255.7	2,070.0	1,867.8	492.4	435.3	360.2	185.7	8.2
1986	2,291.3	2,110.7	1,929.8	490.5	452.1	384.7	180.6	7.9
1987	2,324.1	2,166.5	2,011.6	497.4	477.2	408.9	157.6	6.8
1988	2,333.6	2,197.2	2,092.1	511.9	495.6	440.3	136.4	5.8
1989	2,364.9	2,241.3	2,167.2	524.5	508.4	467.2	123.6	5.2
1990	2,401.1	2,269.0	2,193.2	493.4	379.1	611.0	132.1	5.5
1991	2,425.4	2,266.0	2,183.6	480.3	373.0	626.7	159.4	6.6
1992	2,479.5	2,316.7	2,245.0	492.8	374.1	664.8	162.8	6.6
1993	2,543.3	2,391.6	2,328.5	502.8	382.5	709.8	151.7	6.0
1994	2,645.7	2,511.1	2,423.0	513.8	398.4	751.4	134.6	5.1
1995	2,718.0	2,574.0	2,498.9	518.0	412.6	795.0	144.0	5.3
1996	2,758.4	2,611.0	2,533.3	501.5	420.9	814.3	147.4	5.3
1997	2,788.3	2,640.0	2,584.0	498.0	430.5	849.7	148.3	5.3
1998	2,811.7	2,685.2	2,638.4	498.6	437.1	875.7	126.5	4.5
1999	2,838.7	2,722.1	2,685.3	494.7	443.6	900.8	116.6	4.1
2000	2,871.5	2,756.5	2,728.9	488.1	447.5	930.9	115.0	4.0
2001	2,863.5	2,728.5	2,688.3	454.2	446.6	921.5	135.0	4.7
2002	2,867.1	2,715.0	2,664.4	428.5	438.7	938.0	152.1	5.3
2003	2,896.1	2,731.4	2,667.5	414.1	440.8	950.3	164.8	5.7
2004	2,904.4	2,746.2	2,706.1	411.8	447.5	978.7	158.1	5.4
2005	2,942.3	2,778.5	2,743.1	408.8	454.6	1,005.6	163.8	5.6
2006	3,008.9	2,852.5	2,783.1	400.1	460.6	1,030.4	156.4	5.2
2007	3,047.9	2,901.8	2,797.4	380.0	463.5	1,052.8	146.2	4.8
2008	3,056.9	2,854.0	2,774.8	361.0	457.0	1,058.2	202.9	6.6
2009	3,032.5	2,713.1	2,619.8	309.2	427.8	1,025.3	319.4	10.5
2010	3,079.7	2,777.2	2,615.4	298.9	423.5	1,041.2	302.4	9.8
2011	3,116.9	2,828.6	2,661.4	304.4	427.1	1,076.8	288.3	9.3
2012	3,113.6	2,864.2	2,714.0	313.4	433.3	1,112.2	249.4	8.0
2013								
December (r)	3,020.5	2,800.7	2,798.2	321.2	452.2	1,159.5	219.7	7.3 %
2014								
January	3,019.4	2,801.3	2,703.3	316.7	438.4	1,132.0	218.1	7.2 %
February								
March								
April								
May								
June								
July								
August								
September								
October								
November (r)								
December (p)								

(r)=revised

\*\*These industries not comparable to industry employment data before

(p)=preliminary

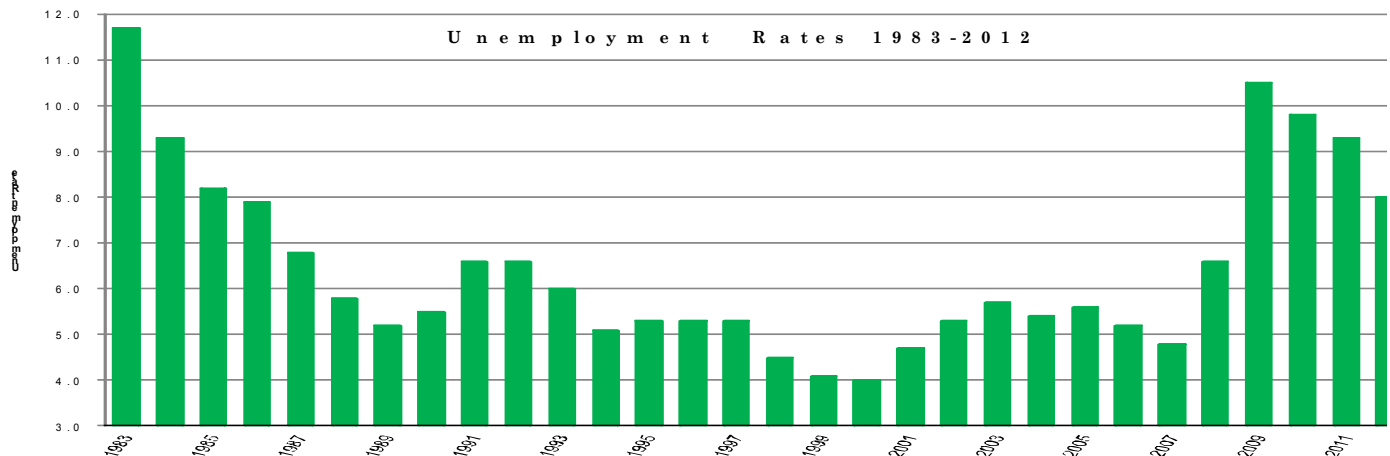
1990 because of changes to NAICS coding system.

Trade = Wholesale and Retail Trade

Services = Professional/Business Services, Educational/Health Services,

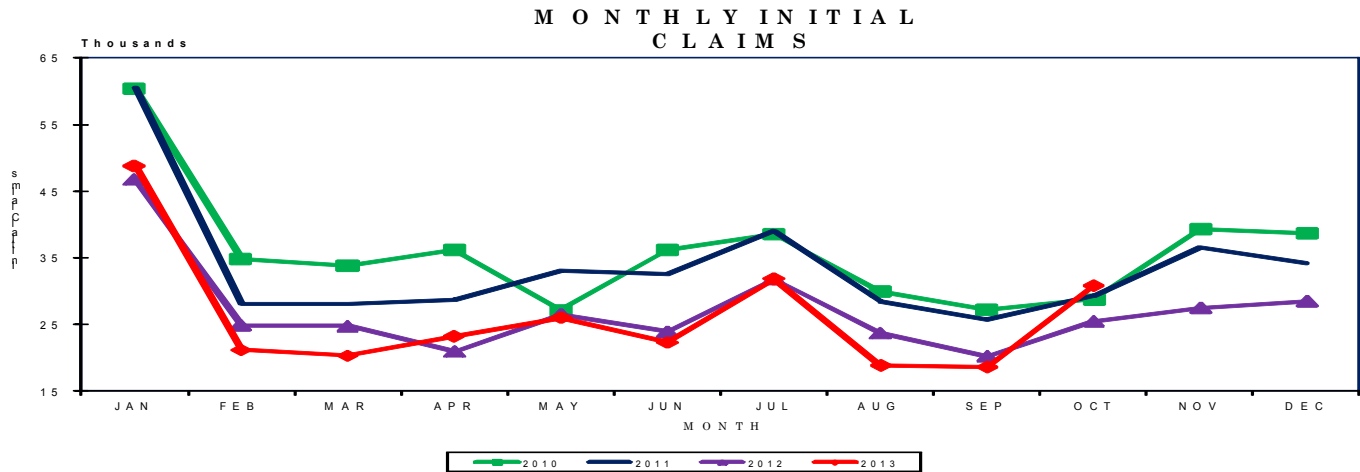
County	Jan 2013	Jan 2014	County	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Anderson	8.1	6.8	Lauderdale	15.1	12.3
Bedford	9.6	6.7	Lawrence	13.4	10.5
Benton	11.8	10.1	Lewis	12.6	9.5
Bledsoe	11.8	9.1	Lincoln	6.6	4.9
Blount	7.9	6.6	Loudon	7.5	6.6
Bradley	8.0	6.2	Macon	8.8	6.6
Campbell	11.8	10.1	Madison	8.9	7.3
Cannon	7.6	5.1	Marion	10.1	9.5
Carroll	13.8	11.3	Marshall	11.9	8.1
Carter	9.9	7.3	Maury	9.7	7.3
Cheatham	7.3	5.5	McMinn	10.0	7.9
Chester	10.7	8.3	McNairy	11.6	11.6
Claiborne	12.5	10.5	Meigs	11.3	9.3
Clay	12.7	10.5	Monroe	11.8	9.5
Cocke	13.7	10.8	Montgomery	8.5	7.1
Coffee	8.0	6.2	Moore	7.6	5.5
Crockett	12.6	10.0	Morgan	11.7	9.5
Cumberland	11.6	9.2	Obion	13.2	10.8
Davidson	6.9	5.3	Overton	11.5	9.3
Decatur	11.7	10.0	Perry	14.1	10.4
DeKalb	9.1	6.9	Pickett	15.0	13.2
Dickson	8.6	6.4	Polk	10.6	9.7
Dyer	13.2	10.1	Putnam	8.4	6.4
Fayette	11.3	10.2	Rhea	12.7	9.9
Fentress	10.5	8.0	Roane	8.6	7.2
Franklin	7.9	6.5	Robertson	7.9	5.8
Gibson	14.4	11.6	Rutherford	6.9	5.3
Giles	10.5	7.5	Scott	19.0	15.9
Grainger	12.1	9.6	Sequatchie	10.5	8.3
Greene	12.1	9.7	Sevier	12.4	10.4
Grundy	10.7	7.7	Shelby	10.1	8.6
Hamblen	9.3	7.2	Smith	9.7	7.5
Hamilton	8.4	7.1	Stewart	12.6	12.0
Hancock	12.9	10.7	Sullivan	8.0	6.6
Hardeman	12.1	10.4	Sumner	6.9	5.3
Hardin	11.3	10.0	Tipton	12.1	9.9
Hawkins	8.8	6.7	Trousdale	10.7	8.7
Haywood	13.1	10.9	Unicoi	10.7	9.6
Henderson	13.8	10.6	Union	10.2	7.2
Henry	12.2	10.3	Van Buren	13.6	11.5
Hickman	10.4	7.5	Warren	10.4	7.9
Houston	10.9	9.5	Washington	7.6	6.2
Humphreys	10.2	8.2	Wayne	13.1	11.2
Jackson	11.7	9.3	Weakley	12.0	9.8
Jefferson	12.2	9.8	White	12.8	9.4
Johnson	11.8	8.6	Williamson	5.6	4.5
Knox	6.9	5.5	Wilson	7.4	5.3
Lake	12.0	10.4			

\*Data Not Seasonally Adjusted



# Statewide

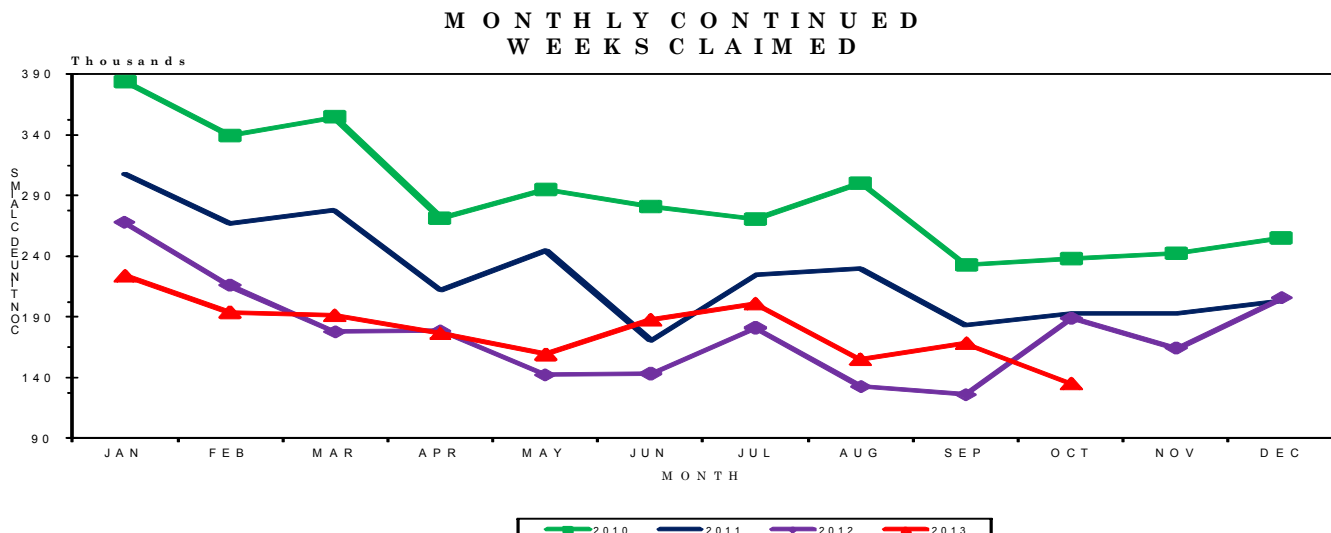
## UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES (MOST RECENT AVAILABLE)



## BENEFIT PROGRAMS - OCTOBER 2013

STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM				FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS			
CLAIMS	Oct. 2012	Sept. 2013	Oct. 2013	FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES	Oct. 2012	Sept. 2013	Oct. 2013
Initial Claims	25,513	18,652	30,874	Benefits Paid	\$237,731	\$314,992	\$387,037
Continued Weeks Claimed	189,152	168,517	135,227	Benefit Weeks Claimed	827	979	1,208
Nonmonetary Determinations	7,876	5,434	8,361	Initial Claims	88	91	937
Appeals Decisions	2,406	2,179	2,015	Continued Weeks Claimed	784	1,110	1,008
Lower Authority	1,923	1,880	1,725	Appeals Decisions	14	9	9
Higher Authority	483	299	290	FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL			
BENEFITS				Benefits Paid	\$653,116	\$465,743	\$473,494
Amount Paid	\$36,244,719	\$29,109,096	\$32,306,560	Benefit Weeks Claimed	2,101	1,480	1,524
Benefit Weeks Paid	178,954	132,072	136,256	Initial Claims	210	146	232
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	\$238	\$241	\$239	Continued Weeks Claimed	1,905	1,622	1,391
First Payments	11,452	7,250	8,642	Appeals Decisions	10	7	8
Final Payments	6,138	4,784	4,307				
Average Weeks Duration	16	15	15				
Trust Fund Balance	\$602,383,379	\$782,760,071	\$793,523,764				

## CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED - OCTOBER 2013



# Statewide

## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	Revised		Preliminary	Net Change	
	January 2013	December 2013	January 2014	Jan. 2013 Jan. 2014	Dec. 2013 Jan. 2014
Total Nonfarm	2,688.8	2,798.2	<b>2,734.7</b>	45.9	-63.5
Total Private	2,268.4	2,371.9	<b>2,317.5</b>	49.1	-54.4
Goods Producing	417.1	429.7	<b>420.1</b>	3.0	-9.6
Mining, Logging, & Construction	102.2	108.5	<b>103.4</b>	1.2	-5.1
Manufacturing	314.9	321.2	<b>316.7</b>	1.8	-4.5
Durable Goods Manufacturing	196.2	203.1	<b>199.8</b>	3.6	-3.3
Wood Product Manufacturing	10.7	10.8	<b>10.5</b>	-0.2	-0.3
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	12.4	12.0	<b>11.7</b>	-0.7	-0.3
Primary Metal Manufacturing	9.9	10.1	<b>10.0</b>	0.1	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	33.7	33.7	<b>32.9</b>	-0.8	-0.8
Machinery Manufacturing	25.5	26.5	<b>26.4</b>	0.9	-0.1
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	5.3	5.2	<b>5.1</b>	-0.2	-0.1
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	17.9	19.0	<b>18.9</b>	1.0	-0.1
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	57.7	62.7	<b>61.7</b>	4.0	-1.0
Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing	8.5	8.7	<b>8.6</b>	0.1	-0.1
Miscellaneous Manufacturing Durable Goods	14.6	14.4	<b>14.0</b>	-0.6	-0.4
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	118.7	118.1	<b>116.9</b>	-1.8	-1.2
Textile Mills, Products, & Apparel	10.4	10.4	<b>10.1</b>	-0.3	-0.3
Food Manufacturing	32.1	32.3	<b>31.8</b>	-0.3	-0.5
Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	5.3	5.2	<b>5.2</b>	-0.1	0.0
Paper Manufacturing	14.6	14.2	<b>14.2</b>	-0.4	0.0
Printing & Related Support Activities	9.5	9.5	<b>9.3</b>	-0.2	-0.2
Chemical Manufacturing	24.5	25.1	<b>24.9</b>	0.4	-0.2
Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	20.3	20.1	<b>20.1</b>	-0.2	0.0
Plastics Product Manufacturing	11.7	12.0	<b>12.1</b>	0.4	0.1
Rubber Product Manufacturing	8.6	8.1	<b>8.0</b>	-0.6	-0.1
Service Providing	2,271.7	2,368.5	<b>2,314.6</b>	42.9	-53.9
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	573.1	600.6	<b>583.8</b>	10.7	-16.8
Wholesale Trade	120.0	124.2	<b>123.8</b>	3.8	-0.4
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	61.0	62.3	<b>62.2</b>	1.2	-0.1
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	41.2	42.5	<b>42.5</b>	1.3	0.0
Wholesale Electronic Markets	17.8	19.4	<b>19.1</b>	1.3	-0.3
Retail Trade	309.7	328.0	<b>314.6</b>	4.9	-13.4
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	39.6	41.4	<b>41.9</b>	2.3	0.5
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	8.5	9.0	<b>8.5</b>	0.0	-0.5
Building Material, Garden Equipment, & Supplies	24.7	25.8	<b>25.6</b>	0.9	-0.2
Food & Beverage Stores	50.7	53.0	<b>52.4</b>	1.7	-0.6
Health & Personal Care Stores	22.7	23.0	<b>22.4</b>	-0.3	-0.6
Gasoline Stations	20.3	20.3	<b>21.0</b>	0.7	0.7
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	24.9	28.6	<b>25.4</b>	0.5	-3.2
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	10.9	12.6	<b>11.2</b>	0.3	-1.4
General Merchandise Stores	70.1	75.7	<b>69.5</b>	-0.6	-6.2
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	16.1	17.2	<b>16.4</b>	0.3	-0.8
Nonstore Retailers	9.0	9.1	<b>8.7</b>	-0.3	-0.4
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	143.4	148.4	<b>145.4</b>	2.0	-3.0
Utilities	3.4	3.4	<b>3.3</b>	-0.1	-0.1
Transportation & Warehousing	140.0	145.0	<b>142.1</b>	2.1	-2.9
Truck Transportation	53.7	57.4	<b>56.8</b>	3.1	-0.6
Information	43.5	44.0	<b>43.9</b>	0.4	-0.1
Financial Activities	136.0	138.1	<b>137.7</b>	1.7	-0.4
Finance & Insurance	104.3	106.7	<b>106.1</b>	1.8	-0.6
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	31.7	31.4	<b>31.6</b>	-0.1	0.2
Professional & Business Services	337.3	366.4	<b>354.4</b>	17.1	-12.0
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	111.8	117.5	<b>118.4</b>	6.6	0.9
Management of Companies & Enterprises	35.3	36.8	<b>36.8</b>	1.5	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	190.2	212.1	<b>199.2</b>	9.0	-12.9
Educational & Health Services	392.2	401.1	<b>395.9</b>	3.7	-5.2
Educational Services	49.4	52.5	<b>49.3</b>	-0.1	-3.2
Health Care & Social Assistance	342.8	348.6	<b>346.6</b>	3.8	-2.0
Ambulatory Health Care Services	132.9	138.6	<b>137.6</b>	4.7	-1.0
Hospitals	104.3	101.7	<b>101.4</b>	-2.9	-0.3
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	59.6	61.1	<b>60.8</b>	1.2	-0.3
Social Assistance	46.0	47.2	<b>46.8</b>	0.8	-0.4
Leisure & Hospitality	266.2	286.7	<b>277.9</b>	11.7	-8.8
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	25.7	27.4	<b>24.7</b>	-1.0	-2.7
Accommodation & Food Services	240.5	259.3	<b>253.2</b>	12.7	-6.1
Accommodation	30.1	32.5	<b>31.9</b>	1.8	-0.6
Food Services & Drinking Places	210.4	226.8	<b>221.3</b>	10.9	-5.5
Other Services	103.0	105.3	<b>103.8</b>	0.8	-1.5
Government	420.4	426.3	<b>417.2</b>	-3.2	-9.1
Federal Government	49.6	49.4	<b>49.0</b>	-0.6	-0.4
State Government	88.1	94.5	<b>89.7</b>	1.6	-4.8
State Government Educational Services	45.6	53.0	<b>49.1</b>	3.5	-3.9
Local Government	282.7	282.4	<b>278.5</b>	-4.2	-3.9
Local Government Educational Services	145.4	143.8	<b>140.8</b>	-4.6	-3.0

## NONFARM EMPLOYMENT & LABOR FORCE NARRATIVE

Total nonfarm employment increased by 45,900 jobs from January 2013 to January 2014. There were large increases in professional/business services (up 17,100 jobs), which included increases of 9,000 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; and 6,600 jobs in professional/scientific/technical services; and accommodation/food services (up 12,700 jobs), which included an increase of 10,900 jobs in food services/drinking places. Other significant increases were in retail trade (up 4,900 jobs), which included increases of 2,300 jobs in motor vehicle/parts dealers and 1,700 jobs in food/beverage stores; transportation equipment manufacturing (up 4,000 jobs); health care/social assistance (up 3,800 jobs), which included increases of 4,700 jobs in ambulatory health care services and 1,200 jobs in nursing/residential care facilities combined with a decline of 2,900 jobs in hospitals; wholesale trade (up 3,800 jobs); and state government educational services (up 3,500 jobs).

These increases were partially offset by declines in local government educational services (down 4,600 jobs), and arts/entertainment/recreation (down 1,000 jobs).

During January 2014 nonfarm employment decreased by 63,500 jobs. The declines were in all major industries. There were significant decreases in retail trade (down 13,400 jobs), which includes decreases of 6,200 jobs in general merchandise stores and 3,200 jobs in clothing/clothing accessories stores; and administrative/support/waste management (down 12,900 jobs). Other declines were in accommodation/food services (down 6,100 jobs), which included a drop of 5,500 jobs in food services/drinking places; education/health services (down 5,200 jobs), which included declines of 3,200 jobs in educational services; and 2,000 jobs in health care/social assistance; mining/logging/construction (down 5,100 jobs); state government (down 4,800 jobs); and local government (down 3,900 jobs).

Tennessee's seasonally adjusted estimated unemployment rate for January 2014 was 7.2 percent, down 0.5 percentage point from the revised December 2013 rate. The United States unemployment rate was 6.6 percent in January 2014. These are the lowest unemployment rates since September 2008, for Tennessee, and October 2008 for the U.S..

In January 2013, the national rate was 7.9 percent while the state unemployment rate was 8.1 percent.

Across Tennessee, the unemployment rate decreased in 34 counties, increased in 51 counties and remained the same in 12 counties. In January 2014, the lowest rate was in Williamson County at 4.5 percent, down 0.3 percentage point from the previous month, while the highest rate was in Scott County at 15.9 percent, up from 15.8 percent in December.

The data from all the nonfarm employment estimates tables include all full- and part-time nonfarm wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded. These numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 2013 benchmark.



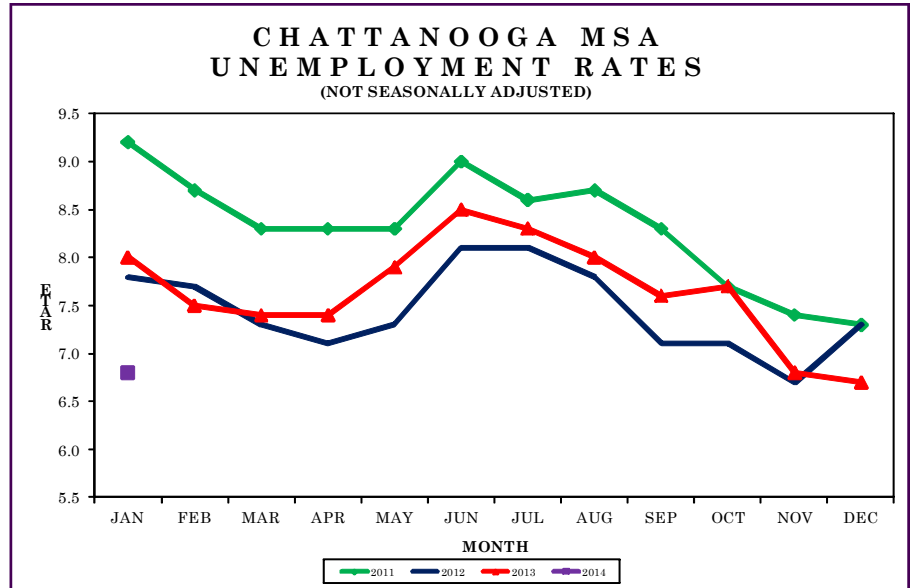
# CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

## CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

January 2013					December 2013				January 2014			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	155,699,000	143,384,000	12,315,000	7.9	154,937,000	144,586,000	10,351,000	6.7	155,460,000	145,224,000	10,236,000	6.6
TENNESSEE	3,102,600	2,850,700	251,900	8.1	3,031,200	2,796,400	234,800	7.7	3,034,400	2,815,500	218,900	7.2
Not Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	154,794,000	141,614,000	13,181,000	8.5	154,408,000	144,423,000	9,984,000	6.5	154,381,000	143,526,000	10,855,000	7.0
TENNESSEE	3,081,200	2,804,300	276,800	9.0	3,020,500	2,800,700	219,700	7.3	3,019,400	2,801,300	218,100	7.2
Metropolitan Statistical Areas												
Chattanooga	259,340	237,970	21,370	8.2	252,940	236,000	16,940	6.7	253,590	236,220	17,360	6.8
Clarksville	116,340	105,220	11,120	9.6	114,760	105,660	9,100	7.9	113,690	104,570	9,120	8.0
Cleveland	57,080	52,320	4,760	8.3	56,460	52,760	3,700	6.6	56,100	52,360	3,740	6.7
Jackson	56,960	51,720	5,240	9.2	55,660	51,520	4,140	7.4	54,930	50,860	4,070	7.4
Johnson City	97,160	88,910	8,250	8.5	95,030	88,530	6,500	6.8	94,280	87,910	6,370	6.8
Kingsport	145,150	133,260	11,890	8.2	142,200	133,000	9,200	6.5	142,570	133,060	9,500	6.7
Knoxville	360,100	333,770	26,330	7.3	351,330	330,120	21,210	6.0	352,750	331,880	20,870	5.9
Memphis	609,320	548,570	60,750	10.0	594,220	543,520	50,700	8.5	590,720	540,860	49,860	8.4
Morristown	61,880	55,150	6,730	10.9	60,770	55,770	5,000	8.2	60,460	55,290	5,170	8.6
Nashville	842,790	783,770	59,020	7.0	839,610	793,350	46,260	5.5	839,640	794,750	44,900	5.3
Micropolitan Statistical Areas												
Athens	24,040	21,630	2,410	10.0	23,350	21,460	1,900	8.1	23,480	21,630	1,850	7.9
Brownsville	8,700	7,560	1,140	13.1	8,430	7,510	920	11.0	8,460	7,540	920	10.9
Columbia	36,960	33,390	3,570	9.7	37,180	34,470	2,720	7.3	36,750	34,070	2,680	7.3
Cookeville	50,180	45,490	4,680	9.3	49,890	46,370	3,520	7.0	49,710	46,080	3,630	7.3
Crossville	23,960	21,190	2,770	11.6	23,300	21,220	2,080	8.9	23,290	21,160	2,140	9.2
Dyersburg	16,920	14,690	2,230	13.2	16,620	14,960	1,660	10.0	16,650	14,970	1,690	10.1
Greeneville	29,670	26,080	3,590	12.1	28,820	26,050	2,780	9.6	29,060	26,250	2,810	9.7
Harriman	27,040	24,720	2,330	8.6	26,010	24,120	1,890	7.3	25,960	24,080	1,880	7.2
Humboldt	20,950	17,940	3,010	14.4	19,630	17,370	2,250	11.5	19,520	17,260	2,260	11.6
LaFollette	16,800	14,810	1,990	11.8	16,260	14,620	1,640	10.1	16,380	14,720	1,660	10.1
Lawrenceburg	16,230	14,050	2,180	13.4	15,700	14,050	1,650	10.5	15,820	14,160	1,660	10.5
Lewisburg	12,430	10,960	1,480	11.9	12,280	11,250	1,030	8.4	12,260	11,270	990	8.1
Martin	16,480	14,490	1,980	12.0	14,830	13,360	1,470	9.9	15,090	13,610	1,480	9.8
McMinnville	17,400	15,600	1,810	10.4	17,730	16,400	1,340	7.5	17,050	15,710	1,340	7.9
Newport	16,010	13,810	2,190	13.7	15,450	13,960	1,490	9.6	15,760	14,060	1,700	10.8
Paris	14,160	12,430	1,740	12.2	13,460	12,160	1,300	9.7	13,660	12,250	1,410	10.3
Sevierville	49,200	43,100	6,110	12.4	48,100	44,490	3,610	7.5	49,280	44,180	5,100	10.4
Shelbyville	22,210	20,080	2,130	9.6	22,180	20,630	1,550	7.0	22,480	20,970	1,500	6.7
Tullahoma	49,980	46,020	3,960	7.9	49,150	46,050	3,100	6.3	49,150	46,080	3,070	6.3
Union City	16,880	14,580	2,300	13.6	15,420	13,780	1,640	10.6	15,540	13,850	1,690	10.9
Cities												
Bartlett	28,750	26,650	2,100	7.3	28,100	26,200	1,900	6.8	27,940	26,160	1,770	6.3
Brentwood	18,530	17,570	950	5.1	18,670	17,790	890	4.7	18,620	17,820	800	4.3
Bristol	12,770	11,850	920	7.2	12,580	11,700	870	6.9	12,500	11,700	800	6.4
Chattanooga	77,790	70,500	7,290	9.4	75,270	69,320	5,950	7.9	75,260	69,250	6,010	8.0
Clarksville	57,950	52,910	5,040	8.7	57,160	52,810	4,350	7.6	56,300	52,230	4,070	7.2
Cleveland	20,060	18,410	1,650	8.2	19,850	18,570	1,290	6.5	19,630	18,430	1,210	6.2
Collierville	22,500	20,910	1,590	7.1	21,920	20,550	1,370	6.2	21,780	20,520	1,260	5.8
Columbia	15,240	13,610	1,630	10.7	15,190	14,050	1,150	7.5	15,070	13,890	1,180	7.9
Cookeville	14,990	13,820	1,170	7.8	15,020	14,090	930	6.2	14,850	14,000	850	5.7
Franklin	35,010	33,020	1,980	5.7	35,240	33,430	1,810	5.1	35,130	33,490	1,650	4.7
Gallatin	14,250	13,140	1,110	7.8	14,210	13,300	910	6.4	14,170	13,330	850	6.0
Germantown	19,330	18,140	1,180	6.1	18,910	17,830	1,080	5.7	18,740	17,810	930	5.0
Hendersonville	28,130	26,350	1,780	6.3	28,200	26,670	1,530	5.4	28,190	26,720	1,470	5.2
Jackson	31,680	28,710	2,980	9.4	31,060	28,600	2,460	7.9	30,580	28,230	2,350	7.7
Johnson City	31,630	29,240	2,390	7.5	30,990	29,110	1,880	6.1	30,750	28,910	1,840	6.0
Kingsport	21,710	19,840	1,870	8.6	21,020	19,590	1,430	6.8	21,010	19,580	1,430	6.8
Knoxville	89,860	82,490	7,370	8.2	87,520	81,590	5,930	6.8	87,750	82,020	5,730	6.5
LaVergne	18,850	17,630	1,220	6.4	18,830	17,850	980	5.2	18,880	17,880	1,000	5.3
Lebanon	13,670	12,490	1,180	8.7	13,410	12,640	770	5.7	13,460	12,660	800	5.9
Maryville	12,960	11,990	970	7.5	12,720	11,860	870	6.8	12,780	11,920	860	6.7
Memphis	288,480	255,850	32,630	11.3	279,870	251,460	28,410	10.2	277,780	251,140	26,640	9.6
Morristown	12,610	11,300	1,310	10.4	12,420	11,420	1,000	8.1	12,320	11,320	990	8.1
Murfreesboro	59,900	55,560	4,340	7.2	59,620	56,240	3,390	5.7	59,650	56,340	3,310	5.6
Nashville	332,280	309,350	22,930	6.9	331,830	313,130	18,700	5.6	331,120	313,680	17,440	5.3
Oak Ridge	13,890	12,790	1,100	7.9	13,530	12,630	900	6.6	13,560	12,690	870	6.4
Smyrna	22,610	20,940	1,670	7.4	22,460	21,190	1,270	5.6	22,480	21,230	1,250	5.6
Spring Hill	15,970	14,960	1,010	6.3	16,090	15,210	880	5.5	16,010	15,190	820	5.1

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 5,300 jobs from December 2013 to January 2014. There were decreases in leisure/hospitality and retail trade (both down 900 jobs); educational/health services and professional/business services (both down 800 jobs); state government (down 700 jobs); mining/logging/construction (down 400 jobs); and other services and transportation/warehousing/utilities (both down 200 jobs). There were no large increases in employment.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 1,100 jobs. During the year, goods-producing jobs declined by 800 jobs while service-providing jobs increased by 1,900.



## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

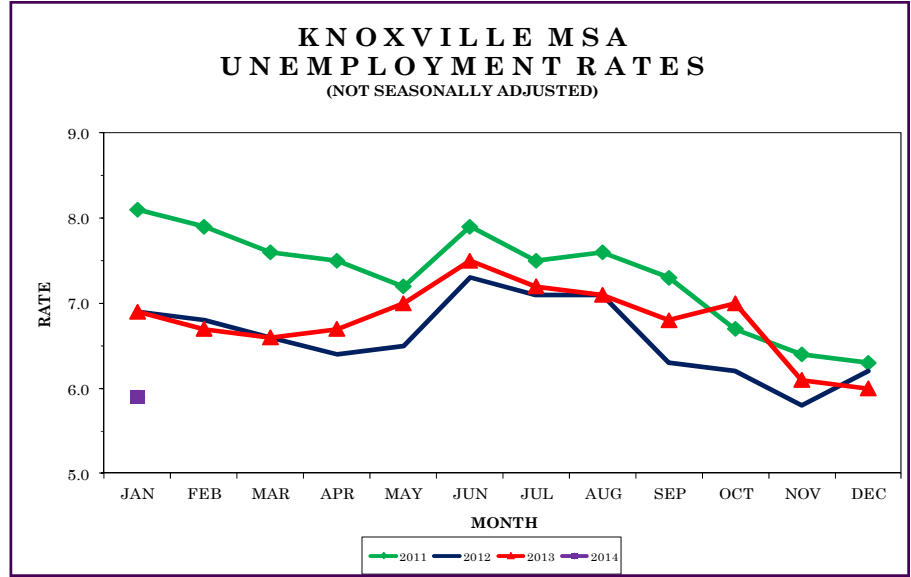
Industry	January	Revised	Preliminary	Net Change	
	2013	December 2013	January 2014	Jan. 2013 Jan. 2014	Dec. 2013 Jan. 2014
Total Nonfarm	234.3	240.7	<b>235.4</b>	1.1	-5.3
Total Private	198.3	203.6	<b>199.2</b>	0.9	-4.4
Goods Producing	38.8	38.6	<b>38.0</b>	-0.8	-0.6
Mining, Logging, & Construction	8.5	8.8	<b>8.4</b>	-0.1	-0.4
Manufacturing	30.3	29.8	<b>29.6</b>	-0.7	-0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	15.9	15.7	<b>15.6</b>	-0.3	-0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	14.4	14.1	<b>14.0</b>	-0.4	-0.1
Service Providing	195.5	202.1	<b>197.4</b>	1.9	-4.7
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	50.3	52.8	<b>51.7</b>	1.4	-1.1
Wholesale Trade	8.5	8.8	<b>8.8</b>	0.3	0.0
Retail Trade	24.9	26.4	<b>25.5</b>	0.6	-0.9
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	16.9	17.6	<b>17.4</b>	0.5	-0.2
Information	2.8	2.8	<b>2.8</b>	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	13.8	13.9	<b>13.9</b>	0.1	0.0
Professional & Business Services	27.3	27.8	<b>27.0</b>	-0.3	-0.8
Educational & Health Services	32.5	33.5	<b>32.7</b>	0.2	-0.8
Leisure & Hospitality	23.1	24.4	<b>23.5</b>	0.4	-0.9
Other Services	9.7	9.8	<b>9.6</b>	-0.1	-0.2
Government	36.0	37.1	<b>36.2</b>	0.2	-0.9
Federal Government	6.3	6.3	<b>6.2</b>	-0.1	-0.1
State Government	6.2	7.0	<b>6.3</b>	0.1	-0.7
Local Government	23.5	23.8	<b>23.7</b>	0.2	-0.1



# Knoxville MSA - Anderson, Blount, Knox, Loudon, Union

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 5,200 jobs from December 2013 to January 2014. There were declines in trade/ transportation/utilities (down 2,200 jobs), which included declines of 1,700 jobs in retail trade and 300 jobs in transportation/ warehousing/utilities; local government (down 1,000 jobs); educational/ health services (down 800 jobs); state government (down 500 jobs); leisure/hospitality (down 400 jobs); mining/logging/construction (down 300 jobs); and other services (down 200 jobs). This was partially offset by an increase in professional/ business services (up 300 jobs).

Over the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 5,600 jobs, all in the service-providing industries.



## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	Revised		Preliminary	Net Change	
	January 2013	December 2013	January 2014	Jan. 2013 Jan. 2014	Dec. 2013 Jan. 2014
Total Nonfarm	326.0	336.8	331.6	5.6	-5.2
Total Private	278.4	286.9	283.2	4.8	-3.7
Goods Producing	46.1	46.4	46.1	0.0	-0.3
Mining, Logging, & Construction	14.6	14.9	14.6	0.0	-0.3
Manufacturing	31.5	31.5	31.5	0.0	0.0
Durable Goods Manufacturing	23.1	23.1	23.1	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	8.4	8.4	8.4	0.0	0.0
Service Providing	279.9	290.4	285.5	5.6	-4.9
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	69.0	71.3	69.1	0.1	-2.2
Wholesale Trade	16.0	16.2	16.0	0.0	-0.2
Retail Trade	41.2	42.6	40.9	-0.3	-1.7
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	11.8	12.5	12.2	0.4	-0.3
Information	5.7	5.6	5.6	-0.1	0.0
Financial Activities	16.9	17.3	17.2	0.3	-0.1
Professional & Business Services	47.7	49.4	49.7	2.0	0.3
Educational & Health Services	45.3	46.7	45.9	0.6	-0.8
Leisure & Hospitality	34.8	36.9	36.5	1.7	-0.4
Other Services	12.9	13.3	13.1	0.2	-0.2
Government	47.6	49.9	48.4	0.8	-1.5
Federal Government	4.9	4.9	4.9	0.0	0.0
State Government	13.5	15.3	14.8	1.3	-0.5
Local Government	29.2	29.7	28.7	-0.5	-1.0

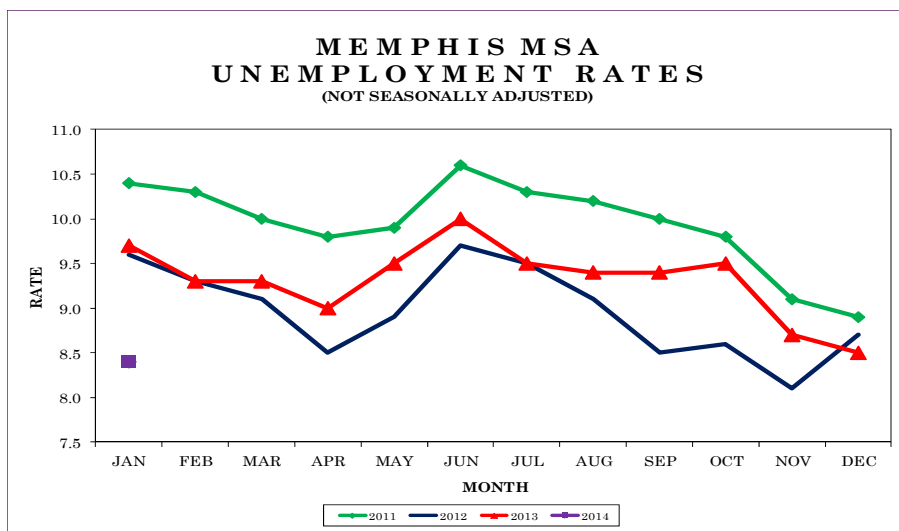




## Memphis MSA - TN - Fayette, Shelby, Tipton. AR - Crittenden. MS - DeSoto, Marshall, Tate, Tunica

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 13,200 jobs from December 2013 to January 2014. There were large declines in professional/business services (down 4,600 jobs), which includes a decrease of 3,600 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; and trade/transportation/utilities (down 3,600 jobs), which includes a drop of 2,800 jobs retail trade. Smaller declines were in leisure/hospitality (down 1,500 jobs); mining/logging/construction (down 700 jobs); local government (down 600 jobs); state government and educational/health services (both down 500 jobs); durable goods manufacturing (down 400 jobs); and other services and nondurable goods manufacturing (both down 300 jobs). These decreases were partially offset by a small increase in wholesale trade (up 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 2,400 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs decreased by 1,700, while service-providing jobs increased by 4,100.



### ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

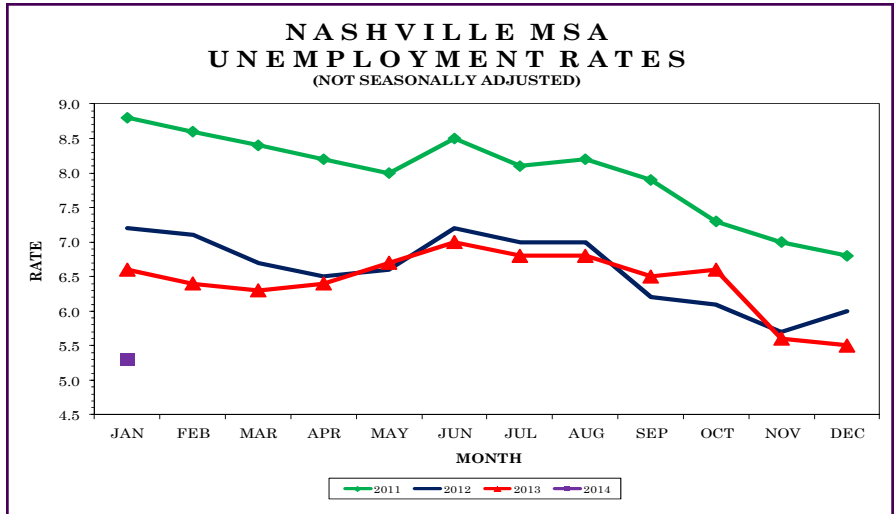
Industry	January 2013	Revised December 2013	Preliminary January 2014	Net Change Jan. 2013 Jan. 2014	Dec. 2013 Jan. 2014
Total Nonfarm	597.1	612.7	599.5	2.4	-13.2
Total Private	512.4	528.7	516.8	4.4	-11.9
Goods Producing	64.3	64.0	62.6	-1.7	-1.4
Mining, Logging, & Construction	19.8	19.2	18.5	-1.3	-0.7
Manufacturing	44.5	44.8	44.1	-0.4	-0.7
Durable Goods Manufacturing	23.5	23.8	23.4	-0.1	-0.4
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	21.0	21.0	20.7	-0.3	-0.3
Service Providing	532.8	548.7	536.9	4.1	-11.8
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	161.4	166.3	162.7	1.3	-3.6
Wholesale Trade	33.4	34.3	34.5	1.1	0.2
Retail Trade	63.4	68.1	65.3	1.9	-2.8
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	64.6	63.9	62.9	-1.7	-1.0
Information	5.9	6.0	6.0	0.1	0.0
Financial Activities	27.2	27.7	27.7	0.5	0.0
Professional & Business Services	83.5	90.9	86.3	2.8	-4.6
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	18.8	21.1	20.1	1.3	-1.0
Management of Companies & Enterprises	6.7	6.7	6.7	0.0	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	58.0	63.1	59.5	1.5	-3.6
Educational & Health Services	85.6	86.4	85.9	0.3	-0.5
Leisure & Hospitality	60.8	63.3	61.8	1.0	-1.5
Other Services	23.7	24.1	23.8	0.1	-0.3
Government	84.7	84.0	82.7	-2.0	-1.3
Federal Government	14.3	14.3	14.1	-0.2	-0.2
State Government	13.3	13.4	12.9	-0.4	-0.5
Local Government	57.1	56.3	55.7	-1.4	-0.6



## Nashville MSA — Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, Wilson

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 16,000 jobs from December 2013 to January 2014. There were declines in administrative/support/waste management (down 4,700 jobs); trade/transportation/utilities (down 4,400 jobs), which includes declines of 3,100 jobs in retail trade and 1,100 jobs in transportation/warehousing/utilities; leisure/hospitality (down 2,600 jobs); educational/health services (down 1,500 jobs), which includes a decline of 1,000 jobs in educational services; mining/logging/construction (down 1,200 jobs); state government (down 1,100 jobs); other services (down 600 jobs); and local government and durable goods manufacturing (both down 400 jobs). This was partially offset by increases in professional/scientific/technical services (up 1,100 jobs) and financial activities (up 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 28,800 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 6,000, while service-providing jobs increased by 22,800.



### ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	January	Revised	Preliminary	Net Change	
	2013	December 2013	January 2014	Jan. 2013 Jan. 2014	Dec. 2013 Jan. 2014
Total Nonfarm	783.9	828.7	812.7	28.8	-16.0
Total Private	679.8	722.5	708.1	28.3	-14.4
Goods Producing	99.4	107.2	105.4	6.0	-1.8
Mining, Logging, & Construction	30.0	34.6	33.4	3.4	-1.2
Manufacturing	69.4	72.6	72.0	2.6	-0.6
Durable Goods Manufacturing	48.1	50.6	50.2	2.1	-0.4
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	21.3	22.0	21.8	0.5	-0.2
Service Providing	684.5	721.5	707.3	22.8	-14.2
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	157.4	166.3	161.9	4.5	-4.4
Wholesale Trade	38.8	40.5	40.3	1.5	-0.2
Retail Trade	84.6	89.8	86.7	2.1	-3.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	34.0	36.0	34.9	0.9	-1.1
Information	19.9	20.4	20.3	0.4	-0.1
Financial Activities	49.9	50.8	51.0	1.1	0.2
Professional & Business Services	114.9	128.6	125.0	10.1	-3.6
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	45.0	48.3	49.4	4.4	1.1
Management of Companies & Enterprises	14.0	15.1	15.1	1.1	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	55.9	65.2	60.5	4.6	-4.7
Educational & Health Services	124.9	127.8	126.3	1.4	-1.5
Educational Services	22.0	23.5	22.5	0.5	-1.0
Health Care & Social Assistance	102.9	104.3	103.8	0.9	-0.5
Leisure & Hospitality	81.5	88.6	86.0	4.5	-2.6
Other Services	31.9	32.8	32.2	0.3	-0.6
Government	104.1	106.2	104.6	0.5	-1.6
Federal Government	12.4	12.3	12.2	-0.2	-0.1
State Government	27.3	28.4	27.3	0.0	-1.1
Local Government	64.4	65.5	65.1	0.7	-0.4

## Nonfarm Employment (Smaller MSAs)

	Clarksville, TN-KY MSA		Cleveland, TN MSA		Jackson, TN MSA	
	Dec. 2013 Revised	Jan. 2014 Prelim.	Dec. 2013 Revised	Jan. 2014 Prelim.	Dec. 2013 Revised	Jan. 2014 Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	89,400	<b>87,000</b>	45,200	<b>43,700</b>	62,300	<b>60,400</b>
Total Private	68,300	<b>66,600</b>	39,400	<b>38,100</b>	49,700	<b>48,000</b>
Goods Producing	13,300	<b>13,100</b>	10,200	<b>10,000</b>	10,900	<b>10,700</b>
Mining, Logging, & Construction	3,400	<b>3,300</b>	1,600	<b>1,400</b>	2,500	<b>2,300</b>
Manufacturing	9,900	<b>9,800</b>	8,600	<b>8,600</b>	8,400	<b>8,400</b>
Service Providing	76,100	<b>73,900</b>	35,000	<b>33,700</b>	51,400	<b>49,700</b>
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	17,000	<b>16,100</b>	8,900	<b>8,500</b>	13,000	<b>12,400</b>
Wholesale Trade	N.A.	<b>N.A.</b>	900	<b>900</b>	3,100	<b>3,100</b>
Retail Trade	12,200	<b>11,400</b>	5,300	<b>5,000</b>	8,100	<b>7,600</b>
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	2,300	<b>2,300</b>	2,700	<b>2,600</b>	1,800	<b>1,700</b>
Information	1,100	<b>1,100</b>	300	<b>300</b>	500	<b>500</b>
Financial Activities	3,000	<b>3,000</b>	1,400	<b>1,300</b>	1,800	<b>1,800</b>
Professional & Business Services	8,700	<b>8,300</b>	5,300	<b>5,300</b>	6,000	<b>5,600</b>
Educational & Health Services	11,400	<b>11,400</b>	6,200	<b>5,800</b>	9,800	<b>9,500</b>
Leisure & Hospitality	10,800	<b>10,600</b>	4,600	<b>4,500</b>	5,500	<b>5,300</b>
Other Services	3,000	<b>3,000</b>	2,500	<b>2,400</b>	2,200	<b>2,200</b>
Government	21,100	<b>20,400</b>	5,800	<b>5,600</b>	12,600	<b>12,400</b>
Federal Government	6,400	<b>6,300</b>	300	<b>300</b>	400	<b>400</b>
State Government	4,400	<b>3,900</b>	700	<b>600</b>	1,800	<b>1,600</b>
Local Government	10,300	<b>10,200</b>	4,800	<b>4,700</b>	10,400	<b>10,400</b>

	Johnson City, TN MSA		Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA MSA		Morristown, TN MSA	
	Dec. 2013 Revised	Jan. 2014 Prelim.	Dec. 2013 Revised	Jan. 2014 Prelim.	Dec. 2013 Revised	Jan. 2014 Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	79,300	<b>77,100</b>	120,700	<b>118,500</b>	47,000	<b>45,600</b>
Total Private	62,600	<b>61,200</b>	104,000	<b>102,400</b>	39,200	<b>38,000</b>
Goods Producing	10,000	<b>9,800</b>	28,100	<b>27,500</b>	12,900	<b>12,600</b>
Mining, Logging, & Construction	2,700	<b>2,500</b>	6,600	<b>6,300</b>	2,000	<b>1,900</b>
Manufacturing	7,300	<b>7,300</b>	21,500	<b>21,200</b>	10,900	<b>10,700</b>
Service Providing	69,300	<b>67,300</b>	92,600	<b>91,000</b>	34,100	<b>33,000</b>
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	13,800	<b>13,300</b>	25,400	<b>24,800</b>	10,600	<b>10,100</b>
Wholesale Trade	2,100	<b>2,100</b>	5,000	<b>5,000</b>	2,000	<b>2,000</b>
Retail Trade	10,700	<b>10,200</b>	15,500	<b>15,100</b>	6,100	<b>5,800</b>
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	1,000	<b>1,000</b>	4,900	<b>4,700</b>	2,500	<b>2,300</b>
Information	1,400	<b>1,300</b>	2,100	<b>2,100</b>	400	<b>400</b>
Financial Activities	3,800	<b>3,800</b>	3,800	<b>3,800</b>	1,200	<b>1,200</b>
Professional & Business Services	8,700	<b>8,400</b>	9,500	<b>9,400</b>	3,600	<b>3,500</b>
Educational & Health Services	13,500	<b>13,400</b>	18,800	<b>18,900</b>	5,500	<b>5,200</b>
Leisure & Hospitality	9,000	<b>8,800</b>	11,800	<b>11,400</b>	3,800	<b>3,800</b>
Other Services	2,400	<b>2,400</b>	4,500	<b>4,500</b>	1,200	<b>1,200</b>
Government	16,700	<b>15,900</b>	16,700	<b>16,100</b>	7,800	<b>7,600</b>
Federal Government	2,700	<b>2,700</b>	900	<b>900</b>	300	<b>300</b>
State Government	5,800	<b>5,300</b>	2,500	<b>2,200</b>	1,600	<b>1,400</b>
Local Government	8,200	<b>7,900</b>	13,300	<b>13,000</b>	5,900	<b>5,900</b>

**Clarksville MSA** is Montgomery County, Stewart County, Christian County, KY, & Trigg County, KY. **Cleveland MSA** is Bradley & Polk counties. **Jackson MSA** is Chester & Madison counties. **Johnson City MSA** is Carter, Unicoi, & Washington counties. **Kingsport-Bristol MSA** is Hawkins County, Sullivan County, Scott County, VA, Washington County, VA, & Bristol City, VA. **Morristown MSA** is Grainger, Hamblen, & Jefferson counties.

# U.S. Consumer Price Index — January 2014

Group	All Urban Consumers			Wage & Clerical Earners		
	Index	Percent Change		Index	Percent Change	
		Yearly	Monthly		Yearly	Monthly
<b>U.S. City Average</b>						
<b>All Items (1982-84=100)</b>	<b>233.916</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>230.040</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>0.4</b>
Food and beverages	238.792	1.1	0.4	238.114	1.1	0.4
Housing	230.256	2.4	0.6	227.013	2.5	0.6
Apparel	124.275	-0.3	-1.7	123.658	-0.5	-1.7
Transportation	213.450	0.5	0.3	213.906	0.7	0.4
Medical care	429.621	2.1	0.6	432.765	2.1	0.6
<b>South</b>						
<b>All Items (1982-84=100)</b>	<b>227.673</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>225.459</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>0.3</b>
Food and beverages	238.064	1.5	0.5	237.138	1.6	0.5
Housing	213.297	2.2	0.5	213.195	2.4	0.4
Apparel	134.492	1.5	-2.3	134.432	0.9	-2.3
Transportation	214.497	0.6	-0.1	214.113	0.6	0.0
Medical care	410.294	2.1	0.8	416.217	2.0	0.8

## HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS		
	Jan.	Dec.	Jan.	Jan.	Dec.	Jan.	Jan.	Dec.	Jan.
	2013	2013	2014	2013	2013	2014	2013	2013	2014
Manufacturing	\$693.05	\$727.06	<b>\$715.78</b>	\$16.70	\$17.69	<b>\$17.63</b>	41.5	41.1	<b>40.6</b>
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$740.42	\$770.57	<b>\$753.64</b>	\$17.34	\$18.26	<b>\$18.16</b>	42.7	42.2	<b>41.5</b>
Non-Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$615.78	\$649.45	<b>\$648.96</b>	\$15.55	\$16.61	<b>\$16.64</b>	39.6	39.1	<b>39.0</b>

## ALL EMPLOYEE HOURS AND EARNINGS

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVG. HOURLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS		
	Jan.	Dec.	Jan.	Jan.	Dec.	Jan.	Jan.	Dec.	Jan.
	2013	2013	2014	2013	2013	2014	2013	2013	2014
Total Private	\$699.21	\$738.63	<b>\$721.06</b>	\$20.15	\$20.69	<b>\$20.72</b>	34.7	35.7	<b>34.8</b>
Goods Producing	\$816.95	\$873.38	<b>\$851.32</b>	\$20.63	\$21.25	<b>\$21.23</b>	39.6	41.1	<b>40.1</b>
Mining, Logging and Construction	\$805.00	\$882.40	<b>\$849.59</b>	\$21.24	\$22.06	<b>\$22.01</b>	37.9	40.0	<b>38.6</b>
Manufacturing	\$821.69	\$871.09	<b>\$852.19</b>	\$20.44	\$20.99	<b>\$20.99</b>	40.2	41.5	<b>40.6</b>
Private Service Providing	\$672.67	\$708.63	<b>\$693.55</b>	\$20.02	\$20.54	<b>\$20.58</b>	33.6	34.5	<b>33.7</b>
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	\$631.67	\$664.35	<b>\$650.33</b>	\$18.47	\$18.82	<b>\$18.96</b>	34.2	35.3	<b>34.3</b>
Information	\$922.13	\$967.91	<b>\$957.54</b>	\$24.59	\$25.88	<b>\$26.02</b>	37.5	37.4	<b>36.8</b>
Financial Activities	\$876.92	\$932.82	<b>\$933.48</b>	\$23.51	\$23.98	<b>\$24.63</b>	37.3	38.9	<b>37.9</b>
Professional and Business Services	\$873.87	\$956.82	<b>\$922.32</b>	\$24.14	\$25.93	<b>\$25.62</b>	36.2	36.9	<b>36.0</b>
Education and Health Services	\$727.31	\$732.19	<b>\$721.71</b>	\$20.96	\$21.04	<b>\$20.98</b>	34.7	34.8	<b>34.4</b>
Leisure and Hospitality	\$303.16	\$313.73	<b>\$304.59</b>	\$12.03	\$11.75	<b>\$11.67</b>	25.2	26.7	<b>26.1</b>
Other Services	\$618.85	\$665.63	<b>\$648.09</b>	\$18.81	\$19.52	<b>\$19.88</b>	32.9	34.1	<b>32.6</b>

## T E N N E S S E E U N E M P L O Y M E N T R A T E S

(Seasonally Adjusted)

